
Rangeview Metropolitan District

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Director and Management
Rangeview Metropolitan District

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Rangeview Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Rangeview Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,

misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rangeview Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Rangeview Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rangeview Metropolitan District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional

procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Haynie".

Littleton, Colorado
September 28, 2026

Rangeview Metropolitan District

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2025

The following is management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial statements and activities of the Rangeview Metropolitan District (the "District") for the year ended December 31, 2025. This information should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements which follow.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets of \$60.1 million, an increase of \$17.7 million from 2024 to 2025.
- Total liabilities of \$2.7 million, an increase of \$0.4 million from 2024 to 2025.
- Operating revenue of \$2.7 million, a decrease of \$4.6 million or 62.7% from 2024 to 2025.
- Pure Cycle Corporation ("PCYO") contributions were \$20.7 million, an increase of \$12.3 million or 147.8% from 2024 to 2025.
- Capital asset additions were \$19.9 million in 2025.
- Water and wastewater tap fees recognized were \$8.5 million, an increase of \$3.0 million or 53.9% from 2024 to 2025.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three parts: i) the MD&A, ii) the basic financial statements, including the notes thereto, and iii) the supplementary information. The District is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado organized to provide water and wastewater services to customers within the District's service area and other approved users. These services are provided through the District's proprietary Enterprise Fund. The District's basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the four reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position shows how the District's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. This is known as the accrual basis of accounting. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future (e.g., unbilled water revenue) or that may have occurred in the past (e.g., amortization of debt premiums or discount and prepaid contributed capital). This statement measures the financial outcomes of the District's activities and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all its economic costs through its water rates, capital contributions, or other charges.

The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating activities, noncapital financial activities, capital and related financial activities, and investing activities for the year.

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements, such as the District's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events, if any.

The Supplementary Information provides details on a comparison of budget and actual, and a reconciliation of revenues and expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Financial Analysis

Net Position

As discussed above, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The table below presents a summary of the District's net position:

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

	As of December 31,		Year-to-year Changes	
	2025	2024	\$	%
Current and other assets	\$ 957,515	\$ 1,350,291	\$ (392,776)	(29)%
Capital assets, net	59,145,150	41,064,700	18,080,450	44 %
Total Assets	60,102,665	42,414,991	17,687,674	42 %
Current liabilities	1,875,392	1,034,760	840,632	81 %
Noncurrent liabilities	799,717	1,255,348	(455,631)	(36)%
Total Liabilities	2,675,109	2,290,108	385,001	17 %
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,604	1,364	240	18 %
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	58,345,433	39,809,352	18,536,081	47 %
Restricted	178,107	290,680	(112,573)	(39)%
Unrestricted	(1,097,588)	23,487	(1,121,075)	(4,773)%
Total Net Position	\$ 57,425,952	\$ 40,123,519	\$ 17,302,433	43 %

The District's most significant assets are related to its investments in water and wastewater systems which are used to provide water and wastewater services to its customers. The District utilizes these capital assets to provide ongoing services.

Current liabilities are mainly comprised of accounts payable related to the construction activities at Sky Ranch – which is explained in greater detail in the notes to the basic financial statements. The noncurrent liabilities mainly

relate to the notes payable to PCYO, which is explained in more detail in the notes to the basic financial statements.

The restricted net position represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by the Constitution of the State of Colorado. The remaining balance of the District's net position represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

The majority of the other changes in the statements of net position are due to construction activities at Sky Ranch. The Sky Ranch developer is responsible for constructing certain water and wastewater facilities, which are then dedicated to the District upon completion to operate and maintain as more fully explained in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Change in Net Position

While the statement of net position displays the District's assets, liabilities, and net position at year-end, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position provide information on the source of the change in net position during the year. The majority of the changes in net position are a result of the construction activities at Sky Ranch and the continued addition of customers to the District's water and wastewater services. The table below presents the District's summarized operating activities:

**Table 2 - Condensed Statement of Revenues,
Expenses and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended**

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Operating revenues	\$ 2,704,945	7,261,467
Nonoperating revenues	9,438	10,221
Total Revenues	<u>2,714,383</u>	<u>7,271,688</u>
Operating expenses	5,936,900	9,689,336
Nonoperating expenses	170,594	221,426
Total Expenses	<u>6,107,494</u>	<u>9,910,762</u>
Income (Loss) before Contributions	(3,393,111)	(2,639,074)
PCYO contribution	20,695,544	8,352,119
Change in Net Position	17,302,433	5,713,045
Net Position - Beginning of the year	40,123,519	34,410,474
Net Position - End of the year	<u>\$ 57,425,952</u>	<u>40,123,519</u>

The impact to the ongoing water and wastewater operating activities are:

- Operating revenues in 2025 consisted of \$2,232,064 in fees for water deliveries. During 2025 the District delivered approximately 158,632,953 gallons of water to residential and commercial customers

- Operating expenses consisted principally of the following, all of which are described in greater detail in the notes to the basic financial statements:
 - \$2,425,010 in fees related to the service agreement with PCYO
 - \$1,456,625 in depreciation expenses
- Nonoperating expenses consisted mainly of interest expense
- PCYO contributions were \$20.7 million of which \$19.9 million was used to build new capital assets.

Capital Asset Activity

As of December 31, 2025, the District's capital assets totaled \$59.1 million, net of accumulated depreciation. Capital asset additions in 2025 were \$19.9 million, of which \$5.2 million was for CIP additions. \$14.6 million was for direct capital asset additions. The additions were for water system development at Sky Ranch, equipment and software, and Box Elder Wells.

Requests For Information

These basic financial statements are designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Rangeview Metropolitan District
2001 16th Street, Suite 1700
Denver, CO 80202

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Fund
December 31, 2025

Assets

Current Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 380,402
Accounts receivable - customers	183,707
Property taxes receivable	1,604
Accounts receivable - other	183,462
Prepaid expenses	208,340
Total Current Assets	<u>957,515</u>
Capital Assets	
Non-depreciable	6,096,259
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	53,048,891
Total Capital Assets	<u>59,145,150</u>
Total Assets	<u>60,102,665</u>

Liabilities

Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,848,128
Deferred Revenue	27,264
Total Current Liabilities	<u>1,875,392</u>
Long-term Liabilities	
Loan payable and accrued interest payable	799,717
Total Long-term Liabilities	<u>799,717</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>2,675,109</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred property taxes	1,604
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,604</u>

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets	58,345,433
Restricted for emergency	178,107
Unrestricted	(1,097,588)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 57,425,952</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Operating Revenues

Water services	\$ 2,232,064
Wastewater services	472,881
Total Operating Revenues	<u>2,704,945</u>

Operating Expenses

Water and wastewater operations	4,244,799
Depreciation	1,456,625
Insurance	(6,565)
Dues and subscriptions	163,821
Professional Fees	50,327
Administration and rent	27,893
Total Operating Expenses	<u>5,936,900</u>

Income (Loss) from Operations

(3,231,955)

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)

Property taxes	1,604
Specific ownership taxes	89
Miscellaneous (expense) income	(71,048)
Interest income	7,745
Interest expense - note	(99,368)
Treasurer's fees	(178)

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) before Contributions

(161,156)

Contributions

Tap fee revenue	8,520,252
Tap fees remitted to PCYO	(8,520,252)
Developer Contributions	20,695,544
Total Contributions	<u>20,695,544</u>

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) after Contributions

20,534,388

Net Income - Change in Net Position

17,302,433

Net Position - Beginning of the year

40,123,519

Net Position - End of the year

\$ 57,425,952

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Receipts from customers	\$ 3,027,573
Payments to suppliers	(3,316,814)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>(289,241)</u>

Cash Flows from Noncapital Financial Activities

Property taxes	1,604
Specific ownership taxes	89
County treasurer	(178)
Miscellaneous expenses	(71,048)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financial activities	<u>(69,533)</u>

Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financial Activities

Developer contributions	20,695,544
Loan payments	(555,000)
Tap fee revenue	8,520,252
Tap fees paid to service provider	(8,520,252)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(19,537,075)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	<u>603,469</u>

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net investment and other income	7,746
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>7,746</u>

Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

	252,441
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year	127,961
Cash and cash equivalents – end of year	<u>\$ 380,402</u>

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to

Net Cash Required By Operating Activities:

Net loss from operations	\$ (3,231,955)
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Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to

Net Cash used in Operating Activities:

Depreciation	1,456,625
Loss on disposal of assets	—
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Change in service fees receivable	478,818
Change in other receivables	227,963
Change in prepaid expenses	(61,324)
Change in trade accounts payable	996,822
Change in unearned revenue	(156,190)
Net Adjustments	<u>2,942,714</u>
Net Cash used in Operating Activities	\$ (289,241)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements

Rangeview Metropolitan District

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

NOTE 1 – Definition of Reporting Entity

The accounting policies of the Rangeview Metropolitan District (the “District”), located in Arapahoe County, Colorado, (the “County”), conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary fund. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

The District was organized on October 13, 1986, under the name of Lowry Range Metropolitan District and is governed pursuant to the Colorado Special District Act. The name of the District was changed to Rangeview Metropolitan District on January 4, 1988. The District was established to provide water and wastewater services to approximately 40 square miles of state-owned land located southeast of the Denver metropolitan area in Arapahoe County, Colorado and other approved users. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization’s elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government’s legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization’s governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Rangeview Metropolitan District

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference among assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

When necessary, separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major Proprietary Fund:

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise Fund accounts for the activities associated with providing water and sewer services to the citizens of the District.

The Enterprise Funds account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions. The District's proprietary fund consists of the "Water and Sewer" Fund.

Rangeview Metropolitan District

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

Rangeview has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners, to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 for the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and generally sales of any tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred revenue in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year it is available or collected.

Property owners within the boundaries of the District have been assessed \$1,604 for 2025. Since these taxes are not normally available to the District until 2026, they are classified as deferred income until 2026.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers cash deposits with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Other than depreciation charges, during 2025, the District did not have any noncash activities.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2025, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Rangeview Metropolitan District

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance of the total cash.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and for proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable, if any, are reported net of any bond premium or discount where applicable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. pipelines, tanks, pump stations, wells, treatment plants and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of the donation which are verified by an independent engineer.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

The District, pursuant to the 2014 Amended and Restated Lease Agreement S-37280 (“Lease”) between the District and the Colorado State Board of Land Commissioners (“Land Board”), has the exclusive right to provide water to Water Users (as defined in the lease) and to develop and put to beneficial use the water on and beneath the “Lowry Ranch”, an approximately 25,000 acre property owned by the Land Board located in Arapahoe County. The total water resources include approximately 15,000-acre feet of non-tributary and not non-tributary groundwater, 3,300-acre feet of surface water, and approximately 25,000-acre feet of surface water storage rights.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Water and sewer systems	30 - 50 years
Well rehabilitation	10 years
Equipment and software	5 – 20 years

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government’s fund balance more transparent.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The restricted fund balance in the Proprietary Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$178,107 of the Proprietary Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the restricted net position first, as permitted.

Contributed Capital

The District records contributed water and sewer lines at the developers' cost as contributed capital. The District has agreements with developers whereby extensions to existing water and sewer lines are constructed and funded by the developer and then donated to the District.

NOTE 3 – Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2025, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 380,402
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 380,402</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2025, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 346,946
Investments - COLOTRUST	<u>\$ 33,456</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 380,402</u>

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

Deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (“PDPA”) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District does not have a formal policy for deposits. None of the District’s deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments:

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District’s investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District’s investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment is valued using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

As of December 31, 2025, the District had the following investments:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (“COLOTRUST”) is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor’s with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an

Rangeview Metropolitan District
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December 31, 2025

investment trust/joint ventures established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. The trusts operate similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in three portfolios, which primarily consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. Certain portfolios may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to the trusts. Substantially all securities owned by the trusts are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. On December 31, 2025, the District had \$33,456 invested in COLOTRUST.

NOTE 4 – Long-Term Debt

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2025:

	Balance at December 31, 2024	Additions	Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2025	Due Within One Year
1995 Loan Payable - developer advances	\$ 229,310	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 229,310	\$ —
Accrued Interest - 1995 loan payable	8,441	21,549	(29,933)	57	—
2014 Loan payable - developer advances	1,017,597	77,820	(525,067)	570,350	—
	<u>\$ 1,255,348</u>	<u>\$ 99,369</u>	<u>\$ (555,000)</u>	<u>\$ 799,717</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2025, is as follows:

In 1995 the District entered into a credit obligation (the “Loan”) with Pure Cycle Corporation (“PCYO”). The Loan permitted borrowing up to \$250,000, is unsecured, bears interest based on the prevailing prime rate plus 2% and matures on December 31, 2025, unless extended by the District’s board of directors and PCYO. As of December 31, 2025, the amount owed to PCYO for the Loan was \$229,310 and the accrued interest totaled \$57. There were no principal payments made on the Loan for the year ended December 31, 2025.

In 2014, the District entered into an Obligation and Funding Agreement (the “Funding Agreement”) with PCYO. This agreement was amended and restated in 2021. Under the amended Funding Agreement, PCYO agreed to fund the District’s operations and maintenance costs. The District agreed to repay PCYO for advances plus compounding interest at 8% per annum. As of December 31, 2025, the amount owed to PCYO related to the Funding Agreement was \$570,350. The principal payments made on the Funding Agreement for the year ended December 31, 2025, were \$525,067.

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 5 – Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2025, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of \$100,000,000. The District did not issue any new debt during 2025. Per the District's Service Plan, the District cannot issue debt in excess of \$100,000,000.

NOTE 6 – Capital Assets

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2025 was as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	December 31, 2024	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	December 31, 2025
Business Type Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Right of way	\$ 84,486	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 84,486
Construction in Progress	2,395,833	5,216,291	(1,600,351)	6,011,773
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>2,480,319</u>	<u>5,216,291</u>	<u>(1,600,351)</u>	<u>6,096,259</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Water & Sewer Systems	43,895,973	15,511,487	(168,779)	59,238,681
Equipment and Software	1,053,999	743,485	(166,446)	1,631,038
Right-to-Use Lease Pond	50,989	—	(50,989)	—
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>45,000,961</u>	<u>16,254,972</u>	<u>(386,214)</u>	<u>60,869,719</u>
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Water & Sewer Systems	6,030,223	1,330,293	—	7,360,516
Equipment and Software	335,368	126,332	(1,388)	460,312
Right-to-Use Lease Pond	50,989	—	(50,989)	—
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>6,416,580</u>	<u>1,456,625</u>	<u>(52,377)</u>	<u>7,820,828</u>
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>38,584,381</u>	<u>14,798,347</u>	<u>(333,837)</u>	<u>53,048,891</u>
Business Type Assets, Net	<u>\$ 41,064,700</u>	<u>\$ 20,014,638</u>	<u>\$ (1,934,188)</u>	<u>\$ 59,145,150</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer systems	\$ 1,456,625
Total depreciation expense -- business type activities	<u>\$ 1,456,625</u>

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 7 – Related Party

Four members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with PCYO and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. The District has one independent Board Member. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board and conflict forms are filed with the Secretary of State prior to each Board Meeting.

NOTE 8 – Segment Information

The District's enterprise fund provides “water and sewer services”. Segment information for the year ended December 31, 2025 was as follows:

	<u>Water</u>		<u>Sewer</u>		<u>Total</u>
Operating Revenue	\$ 2,232,064	\$	472,881	\$	2,704,945
Depreciation Expense	1,153,526		303,099		1,456,625
Net Operating Loss	(2,154,637)		(1,077,318)		(3,231,955)
Total Capital Assets	\$ 39,659,177	\$	19,485,973	\$	59,145,150

NOTE 9 – Commitments and Contingencies

Service Agreement

The District, in exchange for principal value of \$24,914,058 of the District’s prior Water Revenue Notes and Bonds, entered into an agreement with PCYO to sell 11,650 acre feet of non-tributary and not non-tributary water, an option to substitute 1,650 acre feet of tributary water for an equal amount of non-tributary and not non-tributary water, conveyance of participatory rights surface storage, and has entered into Service Agreements dated April 11, 1996, January 22, 1997, and the Amended and Restated Service Agreement, dated July 11, 2014, between the District and PCYO . The Service Agreements provide for PCYO to finance, design, develop, operate and maintain the District’s water and sewer systems and to deliver water to customers within the District’s Service Area and other approved users.

PCYO will deed title to all water and sewer system facilities as constructed to the District and receive 100% of the District’s tap fees, 98% water service user fees, and other system development fees and 90% of the sewer fees after deducting royalties to the Land Board in exchange for commitments under the Service Agreements. In 2025, the District paid cash in the amount of \$10,354,968 to PCYO related to the Service Agreements and Amended and Restated Service Agreement, the majority of which was related to tap fees received at Sky Ranch.

Lease Agreement

As described in Note 2, the District is party to the Lease with the Land Board. Pursuant to the Lease, the District has the right to develop for use water beneath approximately 25,000 acres of land. The Lease gives the right to

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

divert and put to beneficial use the water on and under the surface of the land extending through April 2081. In conjunction with the lease agreement, the District has agreed to pay a production royalty to the Land Board based on the revenue arising from the sale or delivery and use of water derived or extracted from land described in the lease. The initial production royalty has been established at 10% to 12% depending on the type of customer (public or private). In 2025, the District paid royalties to the State Land Board of \$58,160.

Water Service Agreement – Sky Ranch Development

On June 19, 2017, the District and PCYO Holdings LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of PCYO entered into a Water Service Agreement (the “SR Agreement”) to provide water and wastewater service to the Sky Ranch development located within Arapahoe County Colorado. Pursuant to the SR Agreement, PCYO will finance, design, develop, operate and maintain water and wastewater systems to deliver services to customers within the Sky Ranch service area and other approved users. The District is responsible for constructing and maintaining certain "special facilities" at the Sky Ranch development which will be funded and maintained by PCYO and owned by the District. The District is collecting water tap fees at the time the building permit for single family equivalent homes is obtained. In return for PCYO financing and constructing the water and wastewater infrastructure, the District remits 100% of the tap fees to PCYO. In 2025, the District collected \$8,520,252 in tap fees.

Water Purchase Agreement – East Cherry Creek Water and Sanitation District

On May 1, 2012, the District and East Cherry Creek Water and Sanitation District (“ECCV”) entered into a Water Purchase Agreement (the “ECCV Agreement”) in which the District will purchase water from ECCV. Per the ECCV Agreement, the District shall pay to ECCV a fixed monthly payment for water per calendar year. The base water charge from January 1, 2021, through April 26, 2032, is \$3,000 per month.

If the District exceeds the 300-acre feet, then the District shall pay \$.54 per 1,000 gallons in addition to the base water charge.

Rangeview / Pure Cycle WISE Project Financing and Service Agreement

On November 10, 2014, the District entered into the WISE Project Financing and Service Agreement (the “WISE Agreement”) with PCYO. Pursuant to the District’s participation in the WISE Authority (See Note 10), the District has assigned to PCYO all its rights and obligations as a member of the WISE Authority. In exchange, the District grants to PCYO the exclusive rights to use the District’s WISE assets obtained through the District’s WISE Authority membership and the WISE Agreement.

Water Service Agreement

On December 15, 2016, the District entered into a water service agreement with Elbert & Highway 86 Commercial Metropolitan District, (“Wild Pointe”), to provide water services to residential customers in Wild Pointe. In January 2017, the District paid Wild Pointe \$1,600,000 for the purchase of the infrastructure used to provide water to the residents of Wild Pointe, in exchange the District receives all future water tap fees from new

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

construction in Wild Pointe and has the obligation to provide water services to all the residential and commercial units in Wild Pointe.

NOTE 10 – District Cost Sharing Participation Agreements

South Metro Water Supply Authority

In 2009, the District consented to be included, and the South Metro Water Supply Authority (“SMWSA”) Board approved the District’s inclusion into SMWSA. In 2014, the District signed a participation agreement for the funding of SMWSA to define water strategies to meet near and long-term water needs of the South Metro Area. In 2025, the District paid \$16,667 to SMWSA.

South Metro WISE Authority

In 2013, the District entered into the South Metro WISE (Water, Infrastructure and Supply Efficiency) Authority Formation and Organizational Intergovernmental Agreement (“WISE IGA”). The WISE IGA commits the District to participate in the WISE Partnership through the South Metro WISE Authority. The WISE IGA also defines how costs will be shared between participating members. The District has committed to subscribing to 900-acre feet (“AF”) out of a total of 10,000 AF (9%) of renewable water to be delivered annually from the WISE Partnership. During 2025, the District paid WISE \$90,000 for administrative costs related to the WISE IGA.

In December of 2014, the members of the WISE Partnership entered into the WISE – Water Delivery Agreement (the “Water Delivery Agreement”) between the City and County of Denver, acting by and through its Board of Water Commissioners, the City of Aurora acting by and through its Utility Enterprise and the South Metro WISE Authority. The Water Delivery Agreement is the overarching agreement that defines the terms under which Denver and Aurora will deliver water to South Metro WISE Authority members. The engineering design and construction costs required to transport the water to the members in order for the members to start taking deliveries of the water began in July of 2017. The District is responsible for its share of the capital costs to purchase the water. In addition to water purchases there are also subscription fees, WISE operations and maintenance costs, WISE capital costs, District variable pumping costs, and the District’s share of operating and maintenance costs which will be billed based upon the water delivered. In 2025, the District paid a total of \$484,698 for its share of these fees.

NOTE 11 – Legal

The District, PCYO and the State Land Board filed a Water Court Application in Colorado Water Court Division 1 on December 31, 2020, seeking: (1) to adjudicate 1,635 acre feet of water from the Box Elder Creek Alluvial aquifer (a new water right), (2) consolidate and enlarge certain reservoirs on the Lowry Ranch, (3) approve new places of use for existing water rights, (4) approve new places of storage for certain water rights, and (5) approve a new alternate diversion point for certain existing water rights. On February 7, 2025, the Water Court denied the District’s new water right application of 1,635 acre-feet of Box Elder Creek Alluvial aquifer water, as well as the consolidation and enlargement of certain reservoirs on the Lowry Ranch. Neither of these rulings impacted the District’s existing water rights or existing reservoir storage sites. The Court sought additional information from

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

the District and opposing parties regarding the three remaining claims before continuing the trial. On December 9, 2025, the Water Court issued a final ruling following the signing of a joint settlement agreement that resulted in a total payment of \$908,816 to six of the opposing parties in the case and granting the new water right. As a result, the District capitalized the new water right during the year.

NOTE 12 – Economic Dependency

The District's primary source of revenue is received from PCYO in the form of contributions. During the year ended December 31, 2025, PCYO contributions and service fees funded the operations and capital expenditures. The District is dependent upon funding by PCYO to pay the District's commitments.

NOTE 13 – Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned business authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

The Water Activity Enterprise, which was established in 1994, conducts the business of water and wastewater operations, and invests and reinvests the District's reserve funds in accordance with TABOR amendment and Senate Bill 130.

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 14 – Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (“Pool”) which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials’ liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Supplementary Information

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and
Changes in Net Position -- Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

		Final		Variance
	Original Budget	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Water production revenue	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,232,064	(267,936)
Wastewater revenue	500,000	500,000	472,881	(27,119)
Tap fees	5,000,000	9,000,000	8,520,252	(479,748)
Property taxes	1,604	1,604	1,604	—
Specific ownership taxes	101	101	89	(12)
Interest income	800	800	7,745	6,945
Miscellaneous income	—	—	—	—
Transfers	80,451	80,451	19,047	(61,404)
Total revenue	10,082,956	12,082,956	11,253,682	(829,274)
Expenditures:				
District Management	20,000	20,000	14,149	5,851
Audit	10,000	10,000	10,148	(148)
Dues and subscriptions	20,000	195,000	163,821	31,179
Election	500	500	—	500
ECCV Option Expense	50,000	50,000	50,000	—
Insurance	120,000	15,000	(6,565)	21,565
Miscellaneous expense	30,015	50,015	40,527	9,488
Legal	515,000	40,000	26,030	13,970
Water operations	1,525,000	1,775,000	1,503,746	271,254
Wastewater operations	200,000	300,000	286,699	13,301
Rent	9,000	8,500	8,414	86
Royalty payments	600,000	30,000	29,344	656
Service contract	9,680,000	11,000,000	10,945,262	54,738
Treasurer's fees	25	25	178	(153)
Transfers	80,451	80,451	19,047	61,404
Capital outlay	7,400,000	20,000,000	19,221,577	778,423
Contingency	5,000	5,000	—	5,000
Emergency reserve	2,416	2,416	—	2,416
Total Expenditures	20,267,407	33,581,907	32,312,377	1,269,530
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(10,184,451)	(21,498,951)	(21,058,695)	440,256
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Developer Contributions	10,000,000	21,000,000	20,695,544	(304,456)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000,000	21,000,000	20,695,544	(304,456)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(184,451)	(498,951)	(363,151)	135,800
Funds Available:				
Fund Balance -- beginning of year	31,299,561	31,299,561	31,299,561	31,299,561
Fund Balance -- end of year	\$ 31,115,110	\$ 30,800,610	\$ 30,936,410	\$ 31,435,361

Rangeview Metropolitan District
Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures
Budgetary Basis (Actual) to Statement of Revenues,
Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (363,151)
Deduct accrued interest	(99,368)
Add capital expenditures	19,221,577
Deduct depreciation	<u>(1,456,625)</u>
Changes in Net Position per Statement of Revenues,	
Expenses and Changes in Net Position	<u>\$ 17,302,433</u>